

Study guide for Math 1410 Midterm 2

October 29, 2021

These are the topics you should know for the secondmidterm.

- (a) Polynomial and rational functions. In particular: how to determine where they are positive/negative, and how to sketch graphs.
- (b) Exponential functions and logarithms.
- (c) Trigonometric functions. In particular: how to sketch graphs, how to simplify trigonometric functions using identities.
- (d) Angles in the plane.
- (e) For all classes of functions, you should know how to compute the general info about them: domain and range,¹ end behavior, zeroes, asymptotes, difference quotients, images and pre-images, and geometric transformations.

These are the sorts of questions you should know how to solve for the first midterm.

- (1) Sketch a graph of one period of $f(x) = 4 \sin(2x - \pi/4)$. What are the amplitude and period?
- (2) Sketch a graph of $g(x) = 3 - e^{-2x}$, identifying all asymptotes. What are the domain and range of g ?
- (3) Sketch a graph of $h(x) = 2 \cot(x/\pi)$. What is the period?
- (4) Sketch a graph of $k(x) = \log_3(x - 4)$. What are the domain and range of k ?
- (5) Sketch a graph of $j(x) = -5 \sec(x + \pi)$. What is the period?
- (6) Sketch a graph of

$$\ell(x) = \frac{2x^2(x - 2)}{-(x - 1)^3(x + 3)^2},$$

identifying all zeroes and asymptotes, where $\ell(x)$ is positive or negative, and the end behavior of $\ell(x)$.

- (7) Consider the polynomial $p(z) = 2(z - 1)^2(z + 1)^3$. Determine where $p(z) \geq 0$. Write your answer in interval notation.
- (8) Consider the function

$$f(t) = \sqrt{\frac{t^2 - 1}{t^3 + 4t^2 + 4t}}.$$

Determine the domain of f .

- (9) Consider the function $P(t) = 2000 + 1000 \cdot 10^{0.01t}$. What is the preimage of $[3000, 4000]$ under $P(t)$? Write your answer in interval notation.
- (10) Consider the function $f(x) = 3 \cos(3x)$. What is the average rate of change of $f(x)$ from $x = \pi/2$ to $x = 5\pi/6$?

¹For some polynomial and rational functions you need methods from calculus to compute the range, so you aren't expected to know how to do that.

- (11) A line passes through the point $(-1, 3)$ and makes an angle of $\pi/3$ clockwise with the positive y -axis. Write an equation for the line.
- (12) Fully simplify the following trigonometric expression.

$$(\sec x \tan x + \csc x \cot x) \cdot \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}$$